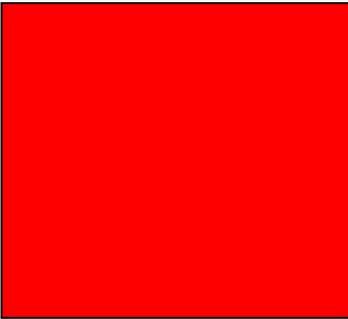


Year 2 Mathematics Yearly Overview

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Week 1	Place value	Addition / Subtraction	Geometry (2D and 3D Shape)	Measurement (Length)	Addition / Subtraction	Enterprise (Money)
Week 2	Place value	Statistics	Fractions	Measurement (Mass/Capacity)	Multiplication / Division	Enterprise (Money)
Week 3	Place value	Multiplication	Fractions	Multiplication / Division	Fractions	Measurement (General)
Week 4	Addition	Multiplication	Fractions	Geometry (Position)	Fractions	Measurement (Time)
Week 5	Addition (Commutativity)	Division	Measurement (Time)	Statistics	Revision	Statistics
Week 6	Subtraction	Division	Calculations (Operations / Money)		Revision	Review
Week 7	Subtraction (Inverse)	Consolidation			Geometry	Review
	Mental strategies throughout		MM - Shape	MM - Temperature Time		

Autumn 1	Programmes of Study / Objectives / Targets
Week 1	<p style="text-align: center;">Number and Place Value</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number, forward and backward • Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) • Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line
Week 2	
Week 3	
Week 4	<p style="text-align: center;">Addition</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Solve problems with addition • Use concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures • Apply their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods • Recall and use addition facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100 • Add numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - a two-digit number and ones - a two-digit number and tens - two two-digit numbers - adding three one-digit numbers
Week 5	
Week 6	
Week 7	<p style="text-align: center;">Addition and Subtraction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - a two-digit number and ones

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- a two-digit number and tens
 - two two-digit numbers
 - adding three one-digit numbers
 - Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot
 - ▪ Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems.

Autumn 2	Programmes of Study / Objectives / Targets
Week 1	<p style="text-align: center;">Addition and Subtraction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - a two-digit number and ones - a two-digit number and tens - two two-digit numbers - adding three one-digit numbers ▪ Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot • ▪ Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems.
Week 2	<p style="text-align: center;">Statistics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables ▪ Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data.
Week 3	<p style="text-align: center;">Multiplication</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Recall and use multiplication facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers ▪ Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (\times), division (\div) and equals (=) signs ▪ Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) ▪ Solve problems involving multiplication, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication facts, including problems in contexts.
Week 4	
Week 5	<p style="text-align: center;">Division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Recall and use division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers ▪ Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (\times), division (\div) and equals (=) signs ▪ Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot
Week 6	

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Solve problems involving division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.
Week 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Opportunity to deepen any learning from Autumn terms or to review.

Spring 1	Programmes of Study / Objectives / Targets
Week 1	<p style="text-align: center;">Geometry (2D Shapes)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line • Compare and sort common 2-D and everyday objects. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces ▪ Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid] • Compare and sort common 3-D shapes and everyday objects.
Week 2	<p style="text-align: center;">Fractions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Recognise, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity ▪ Write simple fractions for example, $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3 and recognise the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$.
Week 3	
Week 4	
Week 5	<p style="text-align: center;">Time</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Compare and sequence intervals of time ▪ Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times • Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day.
Week 6	<p style="text-align: center;">Measurement (Money)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value ▪ Find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money • Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change

Spring 2	Programmes of Study / Objectives / Targets
Week 1	<p style="text-align: center;">Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Compare and order lengths. Record the results using $>$, $<$ and $=$
Week 2	<p style="text-align: center;">Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels ▪ Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using $>$, $<$ and $=$
Week 3	<p style="text-align: center;">Multiplication</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Recall and use multiplication facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers ▪ Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (\times), division (\div) and equals ($=$) signs ▪ Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) ▪ Solve problems involving multiplication, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication facts, including problems in contexts. <p style="text-align: center;">Division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Recall and use division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers ▪ Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (\times), division (\div) and equals ($=$) signs ▪ Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot ▪ Solve problems involving division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.
Week 4	<p style="text-align: center;">Position and Direction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences ▪ Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of

	right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti- clockwise).
Week 5	<p style="text-align: center;">Statistics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables▪ Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data.

Summer 1	Programmes of Study / Objectives / Targets
Week 1	<p style="text-align: center;">Addition and Subtraction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - a two-digit number and ones - a two-digit number and tens - two two-digit numbers - adding three one-digit numbers ▪ Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot ▪ Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems.
Week 2	<p style="text-align: center;">Multiplication</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Recall and use multiplication facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers ▪ Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (\times), division (\div) and equals ($=$) signs ▪ Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) ▪ Solve problems involving multiplication, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication facts, including problems in contexts. <p style="text-align: center;">Division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Recall and use division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers ▪ Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (\times), division (\div) and equals ($=$) signs ▪ Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot • <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Solve problems involving division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.
Week 3	<p style="text-align: center;">Fractions</p>

Week 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Recognise, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity • Write simple fractions for example, $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3 and recognise the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$.
Week 5	Revision for SATS
Week 6	
Week 7	

Summer 2	Programmes of Study / Objectives / Targets
Week 1	Enterprise
Week 2	Enterprise
Week 3	<p>Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =
Week 4	<p>Time</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Compare and sequence intervals of time Tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times <p>Know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day.</p>
Week 5	<p>Statistics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables Ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity Ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data.
Week 6	<p>Review Week</p> <p>Focus on an area that children have found challenging over the course of the year.</p>
Week 7	<p>Review Week</p> <p>Focus on an area that children have found challenging over the course of the year.</p>